

Audit Committee
Warwickshire County Council
Progress Report and Update
Year ended 31 March 2016

Grant Patterson

November 2016

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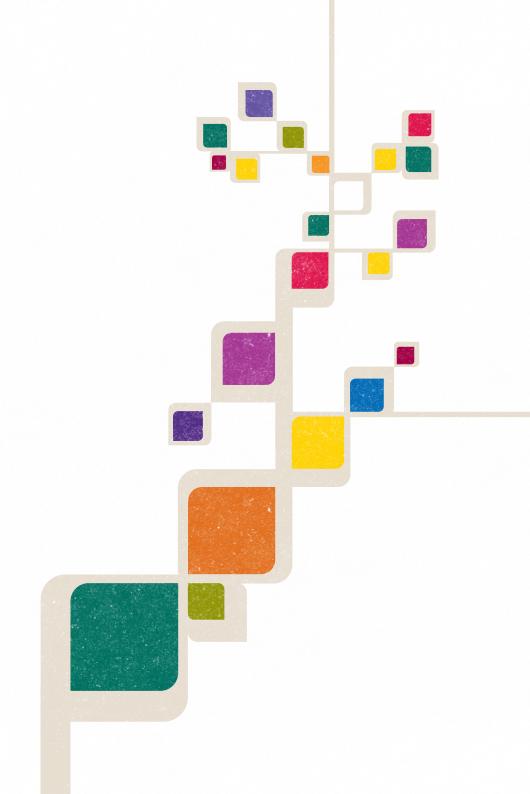
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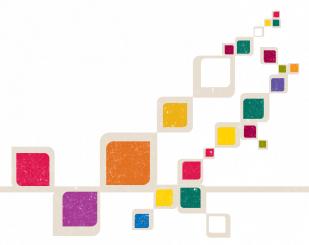
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The contents of this report relate only to the matters which have come to our attention, which we believe need to be reported to you as part of our audit process. It is not a comprehensive record of all the relevant matters, which may be subject to change, and in particular we cannot be held responsible to you for reporting all of the risks which may affect your business or any weaknesses in your internal controls. This report has been prepared solely for your benefit and should not be quoted in whole or in part without our prior written consent. We do not accept any responsibility for any loss occasioned to any third party acting, or refraining from acting on the basis of the content of this report, as this report was not prepared for, nor intended for, any other purpose.

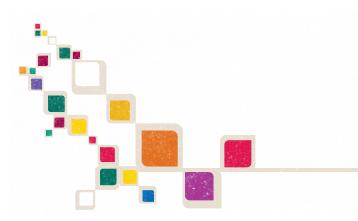


Introduction

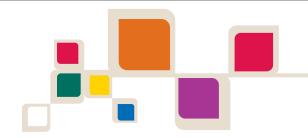
This paper provides the Audit Committee with a report on progress in delivering our responsibilities as your external auditors.

Members of the Audit Committee can find further useful material on our website www.grant-thornton.co.uk, where we have a section dedicated to our work in the public sector.

If you would like further information on any items in this briefing, or would like to register with Grant Thornton to receive regular email updates on issues that are of interest to you, please contact either your Engagement Lead or Engagement Manager.



Progress at November 2016 – 2015/16 audit



Overall position on the 2015/16 audit

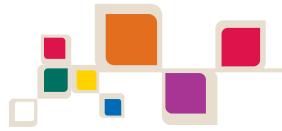
As at November 2016 we have completed all work in relation to our 2015/16 audit with the exception of:

 Objection to the 2015/16 financial statements – consideration currently in underway. October 2016

We issued unqualified opinions on the Council's financial statements and Value for Money Conclusion on 23 September 2016 following the Council's approval of the financial statements on 22 September 2016.

We issued our Annual Audit Letter summarising key messages from our 2015/16 audit in October 2016. The Letter is due to be presented to the Audit and Standards Committee in November 2016.

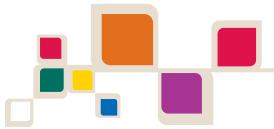
Planned timings -2016/17 audit



2016/17 work	Planned Date	Comments
Fee Letter We are required to issue a 'Planned fee letter for 2016/17' by the end of April 2016	March 2017	The 2016/17 fee letter will be presented to the Audit and Standards Committee in March 2017.
Accounts Audit Plan We are required to issue a detailed accounts audit plan to the Council setting out our proposed approach in order to give an opinion on the Council's 2016/17 financial statements.	March 2017	-
Interim accounts audit Our interim fieldwork visit plan will include: • updated review of the Council's control environment • updated understanding of financial systems • review of Internal Audit reports on core financial systems • early work on emerging accounting issues • early substantive testing • Value for Money conclusion risk assessment.	March 2017	-
Final accounts audit Including: • audit of the 2015-16 financial statements • proposed opinion on the Council's accounts • proposed Value for Money conclusion • review of the Council's disclosures in the consolidated accounts against the Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2015/16	July 2017	We plan to complete our 2016/17 audit fieldwork by the end of July 2017.

Other areas of work

Planned timings – 2016/17 audit



2016/17 work	Planned Date	Comments
Value for Money (VfM) conclusion The National Audit Office Code of Audit Practice requires auditors to satisfy themselves that; "the Council has made proper arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources".	July 2017	We plan to complete our 2016/17 assessment fieldwork by the end of July 2017.
The overall criterion applied is that; "in all significant respects, the audited body had proper arrangements to ensure it took properly informed decisions and deployed resources to achieve planned and sustainable outcomes for taxpayers and local people".		
The three sub criteria for assessment to be able to give a conclusion overall are: Informed decision making Sustainable resource deployment Working with partners and other third parties		

Tbc

To be agreed based on areas of work undertaken.

Grant Thornton Technical update





Accounting and audit issues

Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2016/17

CIPFA/LASAAC has issued the Local Authority Accounting Code for 2016/17. The main changes to the Code include:

- · the new measurement requirements at depreciated replacement cost for the Highways Network Asset (HNA) and
- the requirement for local authorities to report in the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement on the same basis as they are organised and report in the year (ie. no longer following SERCOP). This is accompanied by the introduction of a new Expenditure and Funding Analysis which provides a reconciliation between the way local authorities budget and report during the year and the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement.

In respect of HNA, the Accounting Code requires local authorities to comply with the CIPFA Code of Practice on Transport Infrastructure Assets issued in 2013. The Transport Infrastructure Code is currently being revised and will be reissued as the Highways Network Asset Code (HNA Code) over the summer of 2016. Whilst no major changes are expected to the basis of the accounting set out in the previous Code of Practice on Transport Infrastructure Assets, the detailed accounting requirements will not be finalised until the updated HNA Code is formally issued.

The key challenge for local authorities is around the accuracy and completeness of supporting records for HNA inventory and condition at 1 April 2016 and effective arrangements for recording expenditure and other movements on HNA from that date.

We are preparing a series of briefings to support clients in implementing this change, copies of which are available from your Engagement Manager or Engagement Lead

We have also agreed to undertake early work in 2016/17 to assess Warwickshire County Council's systems and processes for compiling information which will be used in the calculation of the value of the HNA asset in the 2016/17 financial statements. This work is currently ongoing.

Grant Thornton
Publications and
events



Website Relaunch

We have recently launched our new-look website. Our new homepage has been optimised for viewing across mobile devices, reflecting the increasing trend for how people choose to access information online. We wanted to make it easier to learn about us and the services we offer.

You can access the page using the link below – http://www.grantthornton.co.uk/industries/public-sector/



Advancing closure: the benefits to local authorities

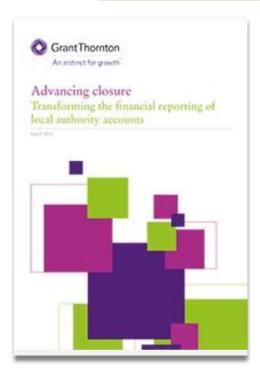
With new regulation bringing forward the required publishing date for accounts local authorities must consider the areas needed to accelerate financial reporting.

In February 2015, regulations were laid before parliament confirming proposals to bring forward the date by which local authority accounts must be published in England. From 2017-18, authorities will need to publish their audited financial statements by 31 July, with Wales seeking to follow a similar approach over the next few years.

Many local government bodies are already experiencing the benefits of advancing their financial reporting processes and preparing their accounts early, including:

- raising the profile of the finance function within the organisation and transforming its role from a back office function to a key enabler of change and improvement across the organisation;
- high quality financial statements as a result of improved quality assurance arrangements;
- greater certainty over in-year monitoring arrangements and financial outturn position for the year, supporting members to make more informed financial decisions for the future;
- improved financial controls and accounting systems, resulting from more efficient and refined financial processes; and
- allowing finance officers more time to focus on forward looking medium term financial planning and transformational projects, to address future financial challenges.
- While there is no standard set of actions to achieve faster close there are a number of consistent key factors across the organisations successfully delivering accelerated closedown of their accounts, which our report explores in further details:
- Enabling sustainable change requires committed leadership underpinned by a culture for success
- Efficient and effective systems and processes are essential
- Auditors and other external parties need to be on board and kept informed throughout

Grant Thornton reports



http://www.grantthornton.co.uk/en/insights/advancing-closure-the-benefits-to-local-authorities/

Partnership working in mental health Joining up the dots, not picking up the pieces

Mental ill health costs the economy over £100 billion each year and affects one in four people. However, responding to issues related to an underlying mental illness does not solely sit within the remit of health professionals. With many parts of the public sector needing to respond, and each facing significant financial pressures, collaboration around this issue is essential if savings are to be found and the best care provided.

This paper draws together examples of successful collaboration between public services and feedback from a Midlands round table discussion – where the West Midlands Combined Authority has set up a mental health commission – to look at how different services have overcome some of the traditional barriers and demarcation lines between organisations

There are four key messages:

The unpredictable nature of mental health symptoms can mean that the first point of contact is via emergency services, with ambulance, fire and rescue or police officers being present. The cost of services not being available at the right place at the right time can be huge, in terms of the personal suffering of individuals and costs to the wider system.

Often relatively modest amounts of money targeted at specific initiatives such as street triage or community cafes can make a huge difference in improving the availability of important services.

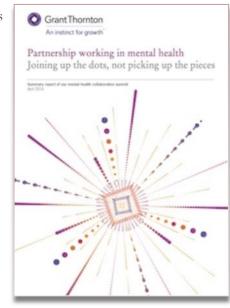
An impact can be made without the need for expensive structural change. Most importantly, it requires a genuine approach to collaboration and a culture of putting the patient first.

Investing in collaborative initiatives that focus on the needs of mental health patients were undoubtedly resulting in savings elsewhere to the public purse. Examples include:

- •92% reduction in detentions under section 136 of the Mental Health Act in Cheshire and Wirral; 50% reduction in Birmingham and Solihull; 39% in Nottinghamshire; 30% in Kent
- •647 A&E attendances avoided by one street triage team in one year in Birmingham and Solihull
- •80% remission in psychosis through early intervention in Derbyshire
- •25% of unemployed users of the café run by the Manchester Mind Young Adults Services and Projects team have gone on to find employment.

A set of recommendations on how to move this approach forward is also provided.





http://www.grantthorn ton.co.uk/en/insights/ partnership-working-inmental-health/



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